A Review of Gel Polymer Treatments in the Arbuckle Formation of Kansas

### For West Coast PTTC Workshop

Hyatt Valencia Conference Center Valencia, California Thursday, January 23, 2003



Rich Pancake Tertiary Oil Recovery Project University of Kansas



## Acknowledgements

Wish to thank –

TIORCO and Gel-Tec for help in collecting treatment data and with operator contacts.

Vess Oil Company and Murfin Drilling Company for help in collecting data and for permission to share that data.

**Trilobite well testing for BHP surveys.** 

## **Presentation Outline**

- Background on TORP and Kansas Arbuckle Formation/Production
- Review of Kansas Arbuckle Polymer Treatments
- TORP's Efforts in Evaluating Arbuckle Polymer Treatments
- Future TORP/PTTC Activities Related to Arbuckle Polymer Treatments

## What is TORP?

- TORP is the Tertiary Oil Recovery Project.
- TORP was established in 1974 to help producers apply EOR in Kansas reservoirs.
- TORP is affiliated with the Chemical and Petroleum Engineering Department at the University of Kansas.
- TORP employs 7 full-time staff and 6 to 12 graduate students/post doctorates per year.

## What is TORP?

- TORP is guided by an advisory board of Kansas producers, petroleum consultants, service company personal, and petroleum scholars.
- TORP conducts laboratory and field research geared towards maximizing production from Kansas reservoirs.
- TORP conducts tech transfer via a biennial Oil Recovery Conference and its affiliation with the North Midcontinent Resource Center of PTTC.

# What is TORP?

### Current TORP Activities

#### **University Research**

- Laboratory research on perm modification (gel polymers)
- Computer reservoir simulation
- Crude oil minimum miscibility pressure (MMP) measurements for CO<sub>2</sub> flooding

#### **Field Research/Field Demonstrations**

- Gel polymer treatments in the Arbuckle formation
- Miscible CO<sub>2</sub> flooding in Central Kansas

#### **Technology Transfer**

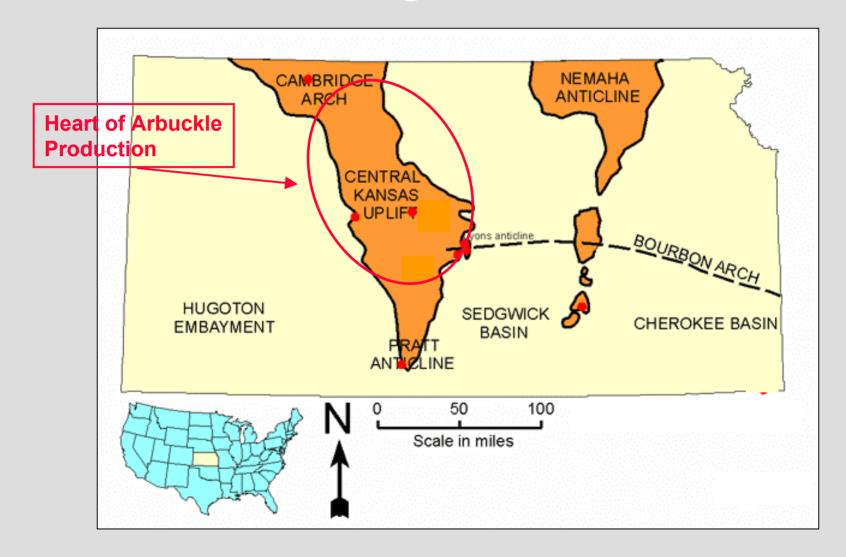
North MidContinent Resource Center of PTTC

## **Arbuckle Formation/Production**

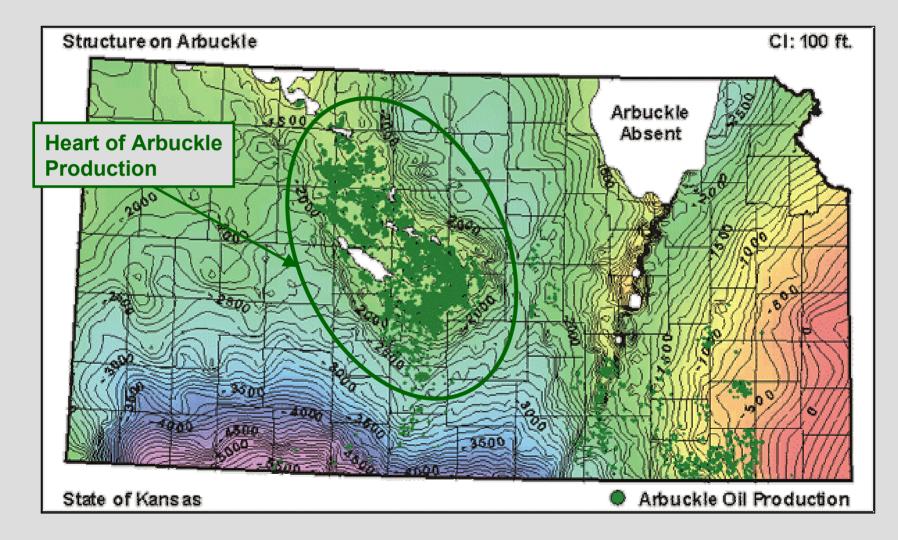
- Formation covers most of Kansas.
- Dolomite formation having Karst features.
  - 3000 to 3500 feet deep in major producing area.
- First oil production in +/- 1920's.
- Most prolific producing horizon in Kansas.
- Strong water-drive reservoir.
- Geology not well understood.
  - Debate as to whether flow is from fracture or highperm streaks.

High volume wells > 1000 BPD w/ 1% oil or less.

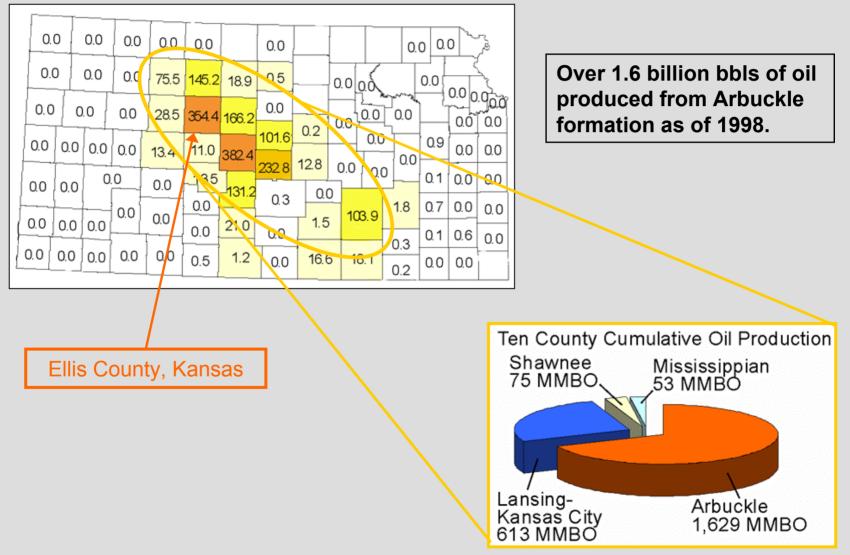
## Kansas Geologic Features



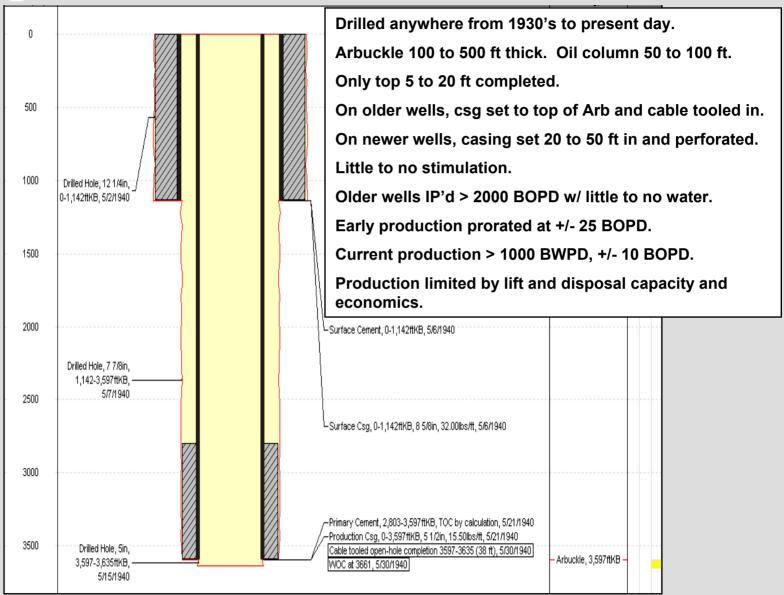
## Kansas Arbuckle Structure



# Kansas Arbuckle Production



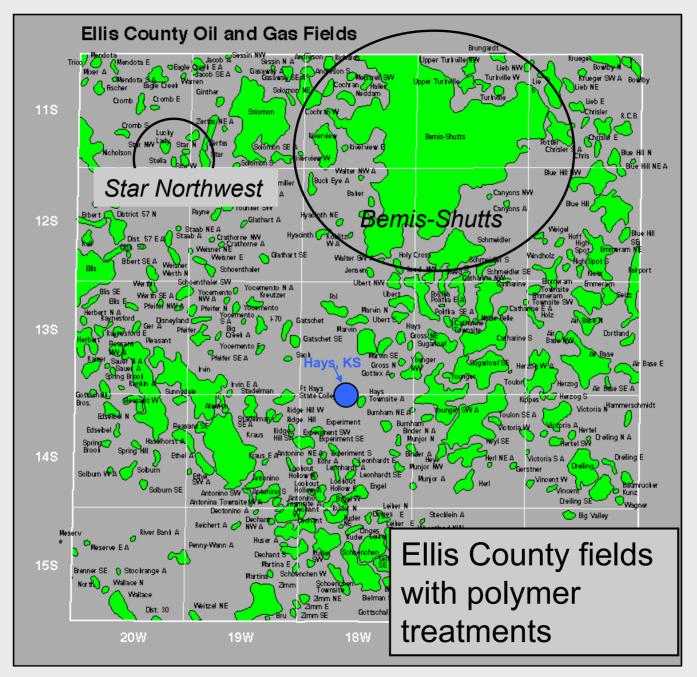
# Typical Arbuckle Well



## **Presentation Outline**

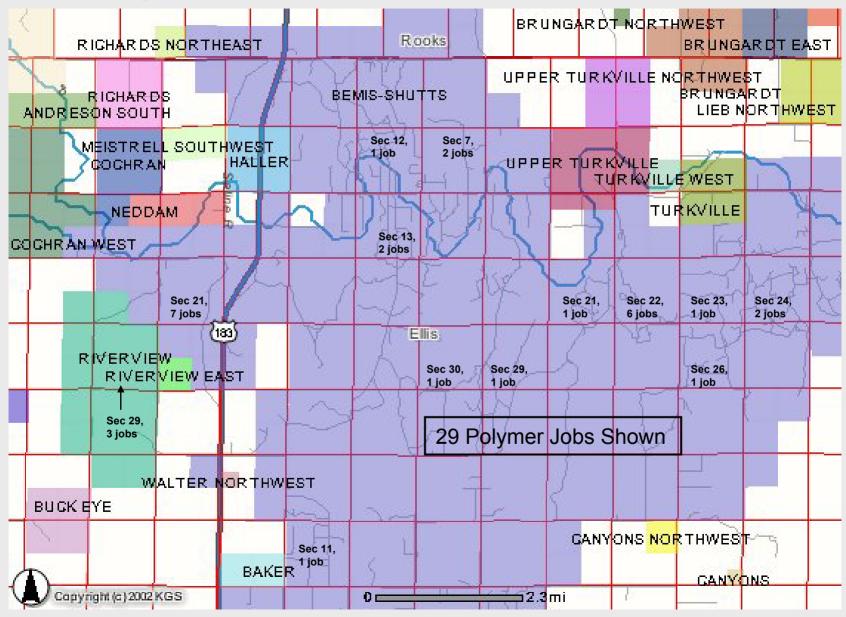
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- +/- 130 MARCIT technology polymer jobs pumped in the Arbuckle since 2000
  - +/- 75 by TIORCO
  - +/- 55 by Gel-Tec
- Treatment locations
  - +/- 60 % of jobs pumped in Bemis-Shutts Field
  - Remainder pumped in Marcotte, Star Northwest, Northampton, Jelinek, Ogallah, Trapp, Geneseo-Edwards, and other fields



Courtesy of the Kansas Geological Survey

### **Polymer Treatments in Bemis-Shutts**



Courtesy of the Kansas Geological Survey

#### Well selection criteria

- Well drilled up structure
- Well originally had high, water-free IP
- Well at its economic limit because of high WOR
- Well has very high fluid level
- Well has high calculated flow potential

### • Treatment design criteria

Vender 1

- For high fluid level wells, pump 2x well's daily production, up to 4000 bbls.
- For low fluid level wells, pump 1x well's daily production.
- Surface treating pressure not to exceed 200 psig.

#### Vender 2

- Gel volume pumped to be near well's calculated maximum inflow, up to 4000 bbls.
- Surface treating pressure to be between 200 and 400 psig.

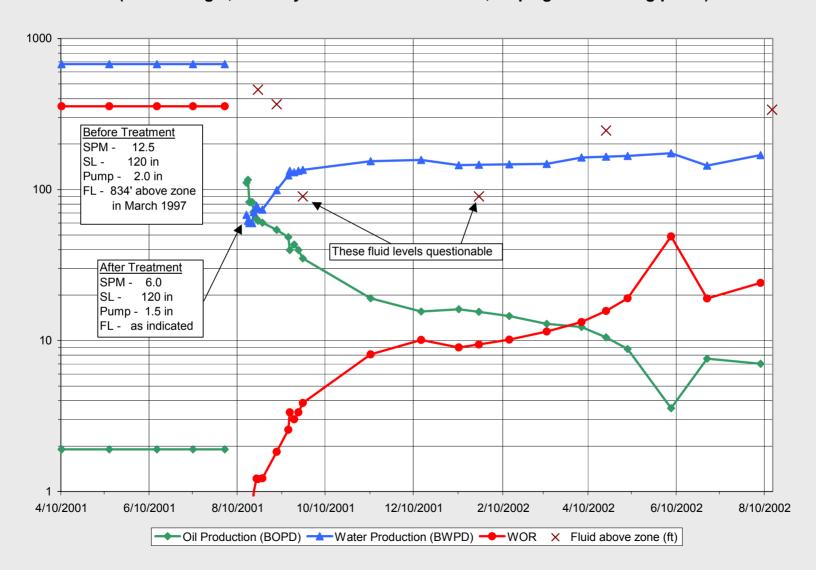
- Typical treatment design
  - Pull pump & tbg. Sand pump well. RIH w/ tbg & packer. Set pkr +/- 100 ft above interval.
  - Acidize well w/ between 250 & 1500 gals 15% HCI.
    - Recent trend appears to be towards the larger, 1500 gal acid jobs.
  - Pump polymer down tbg.
    - Small job 1000 to 1600 bbls.
    - Large job 3000 to 4100 bbls.
    - Larger jobs are typically in Bemis.
    - Recent trend may be to pump even larger jobs.

- Typical treatment design (cont'd)
  - Pump polymer down tbg (cont'd).
    - Gel loadings increase in 3 to 4 stages 3500, 4000, 5000, and 6500 ppm.
    - Recent trend appears to be to increase gel loading at end of job to 7500 or 8500 ppm.
  - Flush tbg w/ oil or water.
    - Typically 100 bbl water flush.
    - Typically 50 to 100 bbl oil flush.
    - Philosophy of oil or water flush varies among operators.
  - Shut-in well 7 to 14 days. Return well to production.

### Polymer treatment examples – Average to below average jobs

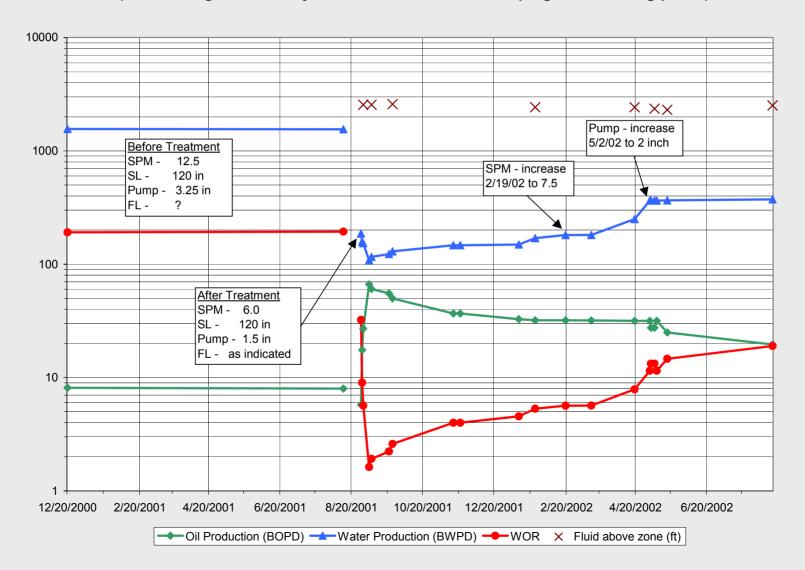
### **Example of Nice Initial Response**

Murfin's Johnson B #3A Polymer Job August 2-3, 2001 (1621 bbls gel, 97% of job treated on a vacuum, 51 psig max treating press)

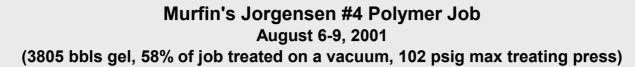


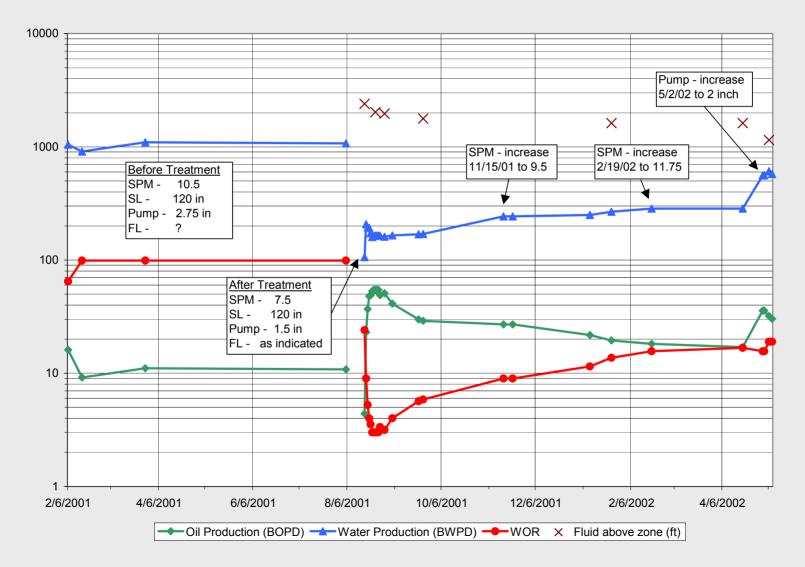
#### **Example of Average to Good Response**

Murfin's Hadley BC #10 Polymer Job August 14-18, 2001 (3806 bbls gel, 100% of job treated on a vacuum, 0 psig max treating press)



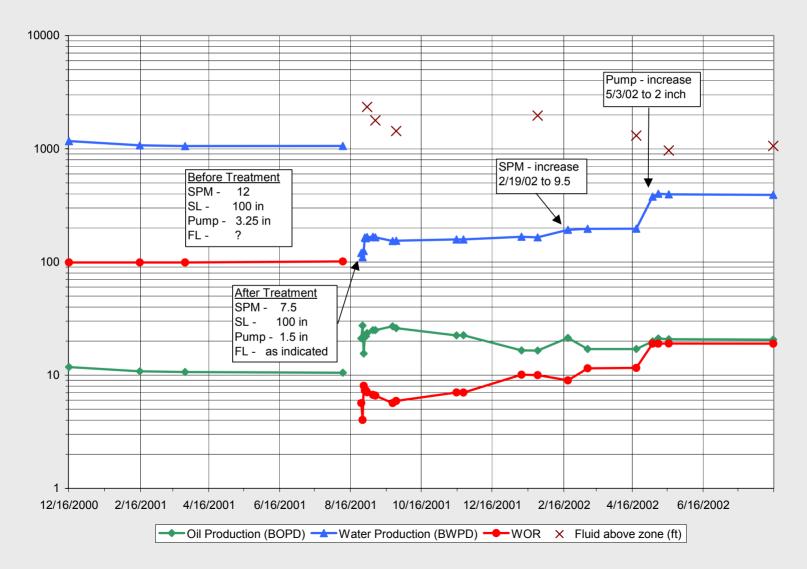
#### **Example of Average to Good Response**





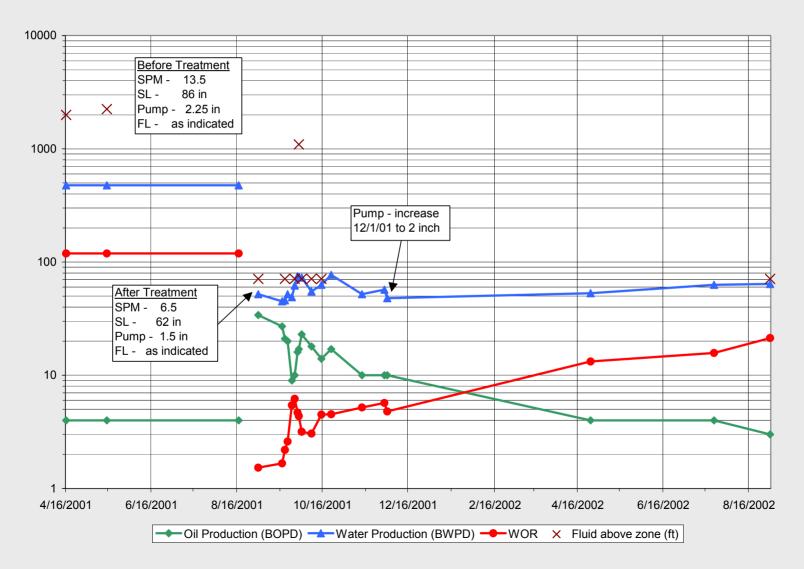
#### **Example of Average to Good Response**

Murfin's Peavey A-6 Polymer Job August 10-13, 2001 (3806 bbls gel, 64% of job treated on a vacuum, 446 psig max treating press)



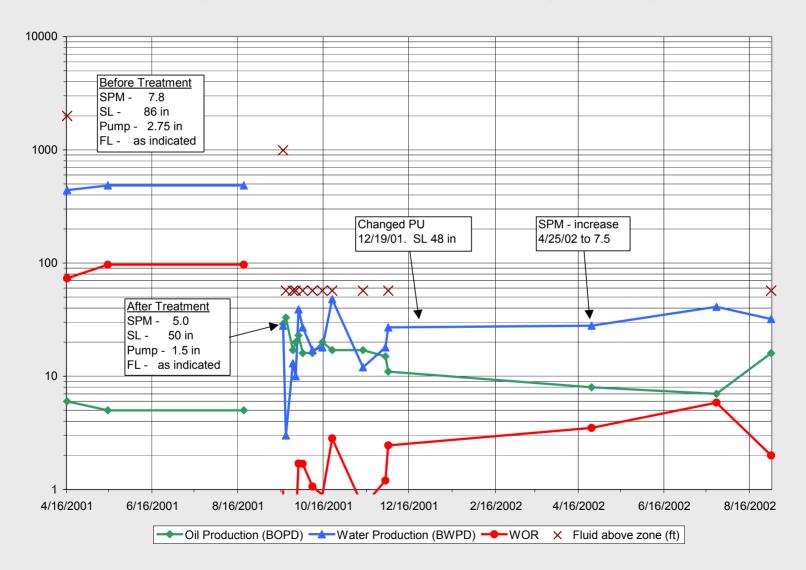
#### **Example of Poorer Response**

Vess's Colahan A #41 Polymer Job August 18-21, 2001 (2988 bbls gel, 8.2% of job treated on a vacuum, 923 psig max treating press)



#### **Example of Poorer Response**

Vess's Colahan A #2 Polymer Job August 26-30, 2001 (4093 bbls gel, 29% of job treated on a vacuum, 591 psig max treating press)

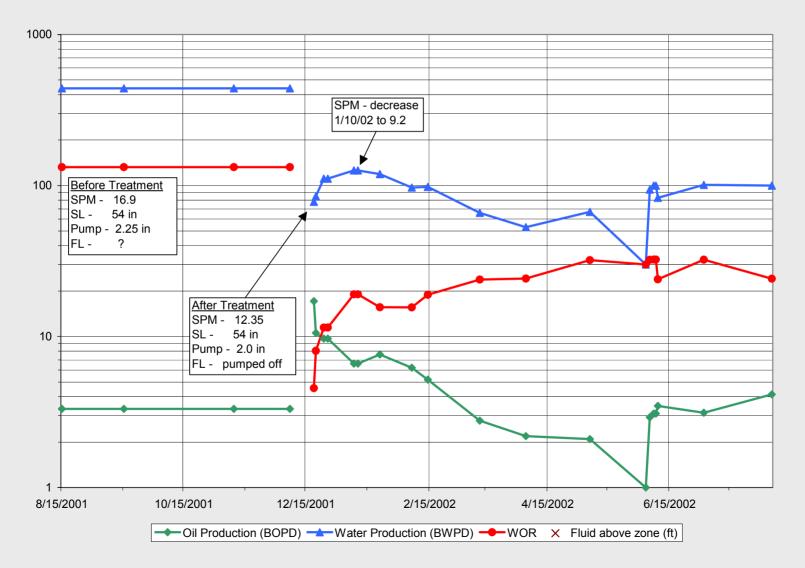


#### **Example of Poorest Response**

Murfin's Glathart #1 Polymer Job

December 8-9, 2001

(1007 bbls gel, 0% of job treated on a vacuum, 200 psig max treating press)



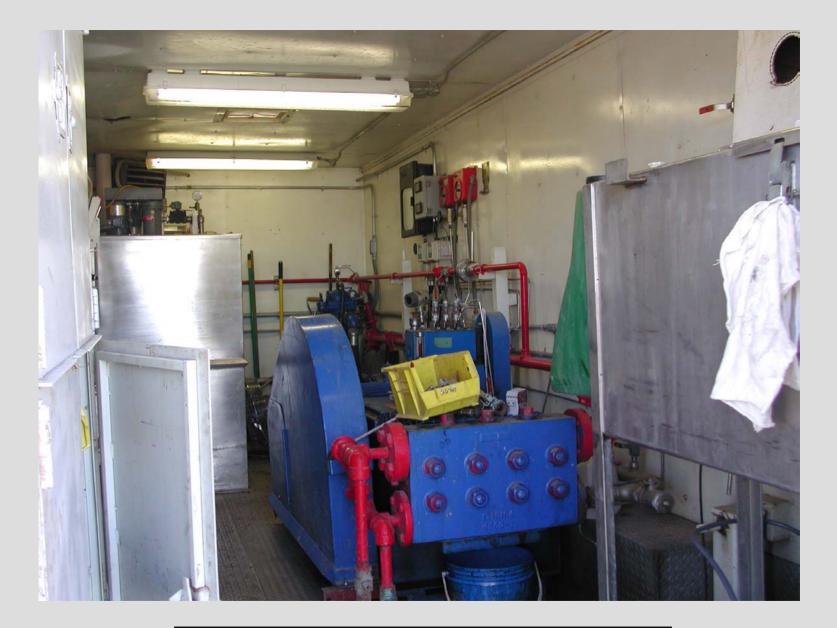
#### Job costs

- Gel cost
  - \$35 M to \$45 M for larger jobs (+/- 4,000 bbl)
  - \$15 M to \$20 M for smaller jobs (+/- 1,500 bbl)
- Rig & acid costs
  - \$5 M to \$10 M depending on rig time & volume acid
- Total costs
  - \$40 to 55 M for large jobs
  - \$20 to 30 M for small jobs

- Pay-out (based only on incremental oil recovery, water reduction savings not considered)
  - 3 to 6 month pay-out for average performing jobs
    <u>Assumptions</u>
    - +/- 18 BOPD/well incremental oil recovery for 6 months
    - \$22/bbl oil price
    - \$45 M job cost
  - Three poorest performing jobs did not pay-out
    <u>Assumptions</u>
    - +/- 6 BOPD/well incremental oil recovery for 6 months
    - \$22/bbl oil price
    - \$45 M job cost



Murfin's Hadley A #3 Polymer Job



TIORCO's Polymer Injection Equipment



TIORCO's Polymer Mixing Hopper



Gel-Tec Polymer Job on an Elysium Well



Pumping into well



Tri-plex pump and crosslinker storage



**Computer Monitors** 

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### **TORP's Efforts**

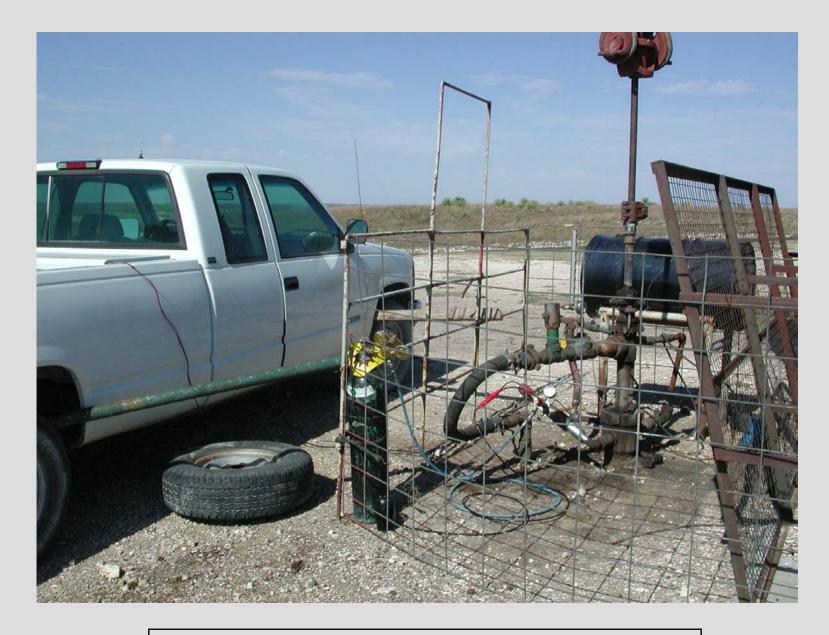
- Objective help operators maximize gel polymer treatment performance.
- Develop comprehensive database by which to compare all Arbuckle gel polymer treatments.
  - Hope to spot trends that lead to improved treatments.
  - Have contacted several operators requesting information on gel polymer treatments.
  - Getting some positive feedback and information.

## **TORP's Efforts**

- Conduct and analyze pre and post-treatment build-up tests using TORP's computerized Echometer.
  - Measure formation kh and skin.
  - Determine if reservoir flow is linear (through fracture) or radial (through matrix).
  - For pre-treatment build-ups, attempt to predict how much polymer a well will take.
  - Have performed pre-treatment build-ups on 7 Arbuckle wells.

**5** in Bemis-Shutts

2 in Geneseo-Edwards



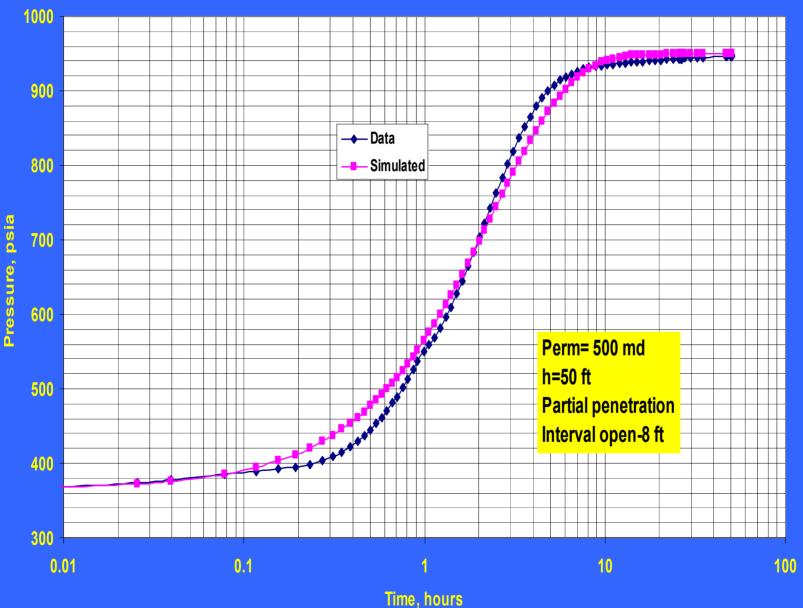
Build-up Test on Vess Oil's McCord A #4

### **TORP's Efforts**

- Pre-treatment build-up on Vess Oil's Hall B #4.
  - Bemis Shutts Field Ellis County
  - Depth 3423 ft
  - Net pay open 10 ft
  - Water production –
  - Oil production –
  - Static BHP –
  - Producing BHP –

611 BPD 6 BPD 935.3 psig 501.0 psig

#### **Build-up Analysis – Hall B #4**



### TORP's Efforts \*

- Analyze bottom-hole pressure (BHP) surveys run on 6 wells.
  - Bottom-hole pressure measured (via pressure bomb on slickline) before, during, and after gel treatment.
  - Hope to gain insights into the gel/rock interface, which should help in sizing treatments and setting maximum treating pressures.
  - Hope to determine a friction coefficient for pumping gel down tubing.
- \* With financial assistance from vendors and oil companies

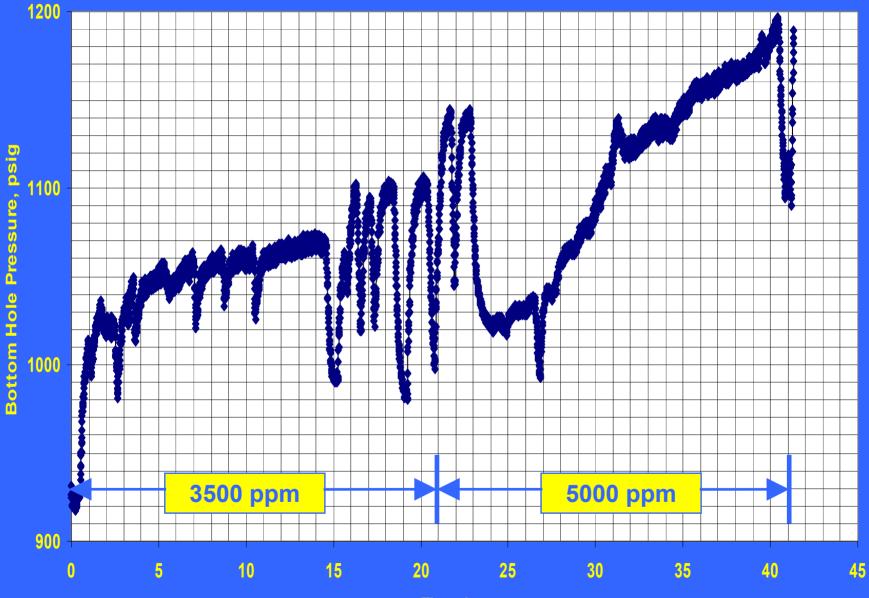


#### Trilobite Testing's Slickline Trailer at Vess Oil's Hall B #4

### TORP's Efforts \*

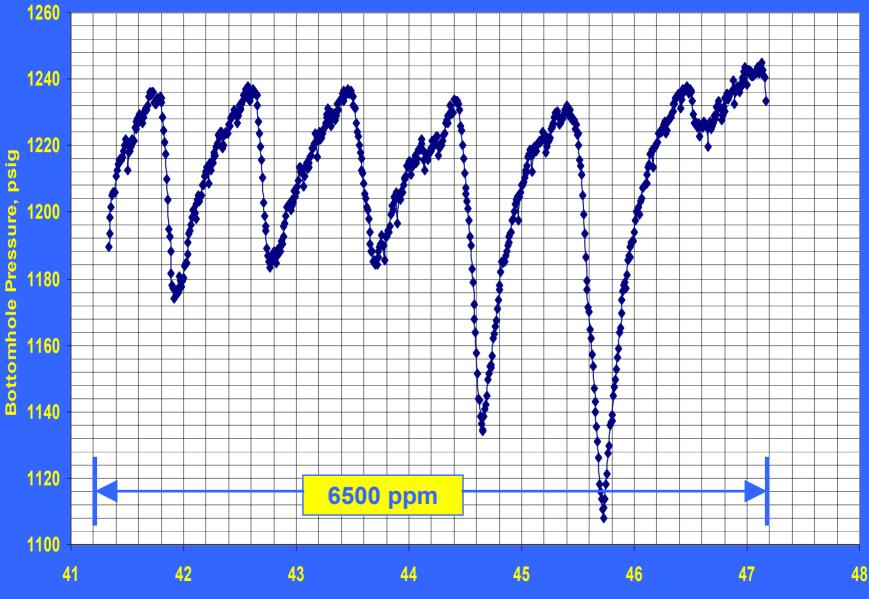
- Hall B #4 Gel Treatment w/ bottom-hole pressure measurement (entire treatment went on vacuum).
  - 0.75 BPM (1080 BPD)
  - Down tubing on packer
  - 976 bbl @ 3500 ppm
  - 988 bbl @ 5000 ppm
  - 264 bbl @ 6500 ppm
  - 100 bbl oil overflush
  - Shut in

#### BHP Data – Hall B #4



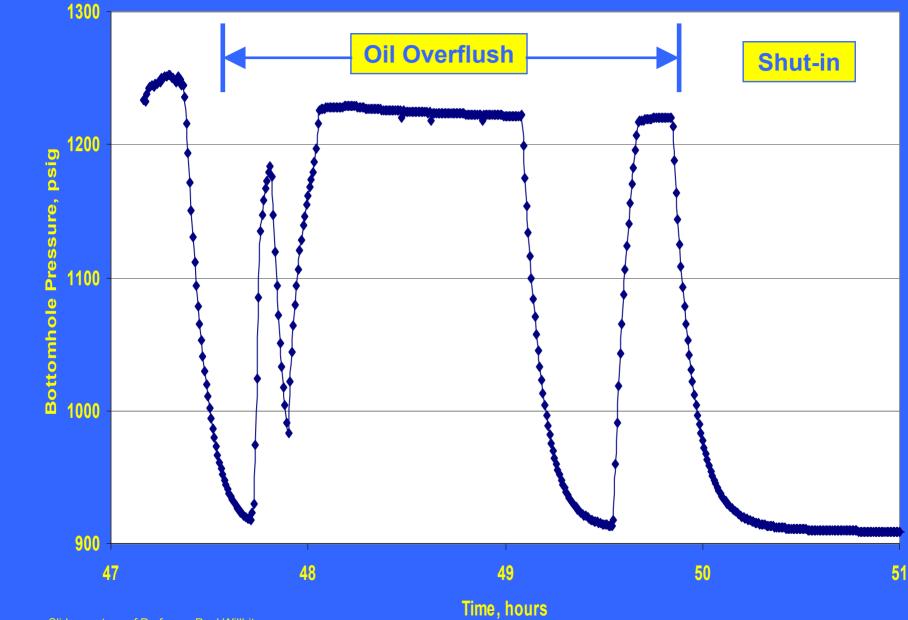
Time, hours

#### BHP Data – Hall B #4



Time, hours

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#### Future TORP/PTTC Activities

- Conduct post-treatment build-ups on same 7 wells – hope to document how reservoir changes after treatment.
- Sponsor operator forum for those operators who have pumped jobs – February 4, 2003.
- PTTC to conduct gel polymer workshop Summer 2003.
- Publish case studies relative to gel polymer treatments – Fall 2003.
- Put gel polymer database online Fall 2003.

